I. Vocabulary 30%

1. Whenever I got into a situation in which it is hard to make a decision, I try to look at it from different ________.
   (A)opinions    (B) ideas    (C) objectives    (D) perspectives

2. Riding the Maokong Gondola is a brand new experience. Makong is renowned for its gondola ________, some modeled after it, like Mountain Ali tourist resorts.
   (A)skype  (B) station  (C) stationary  (D) system

3. We've seen a dramatic shift in the way people communicate with one another. ________ is increasingly channeled through social media – Linked In, Facebook, Twitter, and others
   (A)Sales   (B) Norm  (C) Interaction  (D) Business

4. There will be many ________ of the possible firming up of the Economic Cooperation Framework Agreement (ECFA) between China and Taiwan
   (A)adverse  (B) consumers  (C) impacts  (D) investments

5. You'd better watch the weather ________ before leaving for Janfusun Fancy World tomorrow.
   (A) fortune  (B) foresee   (C) forecast   (D) forehead

6. You'd better take these references with you _____ you need them for your meeting.
   (A) as far as  (B) otherwise  (C) as long as  (D) in case

7. The Taiwan Railway Administration (TRA) suffered a _____________ drop in daily passenger volumes over the Chinese New Year festival from the corresponding figure a year ago.
   (A) signal  (B) significant  (C) slightly  (D) bright

8. Transworld Institute of Technology (TIT) is ________ for its Water Conservation program and many universities come to model after its design and equipment.
   (A) rent   (B) renovation  (C) renouncement  (D) renown

9. Unfortunately, the instructions were ________ so we didn't know which part of the program to run.
   (A) evident  (B) disappointed  (C) ambiguous  (D) example

10. Why are you always so _______, can't you look at the bright side for once?
    (A) negative  (B) notable  (C) noise  (D) naughty
II. Reading Comprehension 30%

Passage 1
It is impossible to imagine the accomplishments of building AT&T, Ford, or Apple in the absence of shared vision. Theodore Vail had a vision of universal telephone service that would take fifty years to bring about. Henry Ford envisioned common people, not just the wealthy, owing their automobiles. Steven Jobs, Steve Wozniak, and their Apple cofounders saw the power of the computer to empower people. It is equally impossible to imagine the rapid ascendancy of Japanese firms such as Komatsu (which grew from one third the size of Caterpillar to its equal in less than two decades), Canon (which went from nothing to matching Xerox’s global market share in reprographics in the same time frame), or Honda had they not all been guided by visions of global success. What is most important is that these individuals’ visions became genuinely shared among people throughout all levels of their companies—focusing the energies of thousands and creating a common identity among enormously diverse people.

1. What is the main idea of the paragraph?
(A) Positive versus negative vision
(B) From personal visions to shard visions
(C) Anchoring vision in a set of governing ideas
(D) Why shared visions matter

2. From this paragraph, you can induce who is the founder of AT&T?
(A) Henry Ford
(B) Steven Jobs
(C) Theodore Vail
(D) Steve Wozniak

3. The author indicates several Japanese firms, which of the following is not Japanese?
(A) Xerox
(B) Honda
(C) Komatsu
(D) Canon

4. What is the meaning of the word equal in line 6 (to its equal in less than two decades)?
(A) like,
(B) mean
(C) suggest
(D) signify

5. What is most important in these individuals’ visions, according to this paragraph?
(A) A vision is created
(B) A vision is true
(C) A vision is practiced
(D) A vision is shared
Passage 2

Another rationale for selecting a single-case rather than a multiple-case design is that the investigator has access to a situation previously inaccessible to scientific observation. The case study is therefore worth conducting because the descriptive information alone will be revelatory. Such was the situation in Elliot Liebow’s (1967) sociological classic, Tally’s Corner. The book is about a single group of men living in a poor, inner-city neighborhood. By befriending these men, the author was able to learn about their lifestyles, their coping behavior, and in particular their sensitivity to unemployment and failure. The book provided insights into a subculture that has prevailed in many U.S. cities for a long period of time, but one that had been only obscurely understood. The single case showed how investigations of such topics could be done, thus stimulating much further research and eventually the development of policy actions.

6. What is the main idea of this paragraph?
(A) The advantages of using multip case studies
(B) The disadvantages of using a single case study
(C) The description of American subculture.
(D) The revelatory case as a single case

7. According to the paragraph, how is the research is done?
(A) By using survey
(B) By befriending the research objects
(C) By collecting data in library
(D) By interviewing policy makers.

8. How could be descriptive information be revelatory?
(A) Because it brings a lot of money
(B) Because it brings development of policy actions
(C) Because it brings insights into a subculture.
(D) Because it brings foods to poor people.

9. What does the word revelatory means?
(A) Showy
(B) Bright
(C) Sunny
(D) Illuminating

10. What may “Tally’s Corner” not be?
(A) It is a place in a subculture that has prevailed in many U.S. cities
(B) It is a name of an American city.
(C) It is Elliot Liebow’s book.
(D) It is an account book.
III. 下列 10 題均節錄自 BBC News，請選出最適當之答案，並於答案紙上簡要寫出各題目之新聞主題： (40%)

   (A) support (B) sustain (C) hold (D) maintain
   新聞主題為： __________________________

2. Germany has pledged conditional support for Greece’s aid package as the country’s borrowing costs ______ record levels.
   (A) agree (B) hit (C) move (D) allow
   新聞主題為： __________________________

3. The global economy is ______ faster than expected from the deep recession, finance ministers from the world's leading economies, the G20, have said.
   (A) reducing (B) increasing (C) emerging (D) jumping
   新聞主題為： __________________________

4. The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has raised key interest rates ______ a quarter of a percentage point in an attempt to curb near double-digit inflation.
   (A) at (B) on (C) in (D) by
   新聞主題為： __________________________

5. Edinburgh-based John Menzies said the flight disruption caused by the volcanic ash "_____ impacted" its aviation division.
   (A) materially (B) material (C) materialist (D) materialize
   新聞主題為： __________________________

6. Thailand's pro-government yellow-shirts have called for the government to ______, as weeks-long red-shirt protests spread to provinces outside the Thai capital.
   (A) go (B) act (C) stop (D) do
   新聞主題為： __________________________

7. Corruption is consistently cited as the main ______ for Chinese people and many people complain that despite these efforts, their complaints are dismissed.
   (A) reason (B) argument (C) concern (D) discipline
   新聞主題為： __________________________
8. Regions of northern China have been blanketed by dust from sandstorms, lowering ______ to just two meters.
   (A) length (B) ability (C) distance (D) visibility
   新聞主題為：

9. The group that owns Argos and Homebase, furniture chain Walmsleys and other smaller firms had admitted ______ for selling the Chinese-made sofas.
   (A) liability (B) problem (C) lesson (D) guilty
   新聞主題為：

10. Taiwan's parliamentary speaker and city mayors mixed with gangsters at the service for Lee Chao-hsiung, who died ______ cancer.
    (A) from (B) of (C) in (D) at
    新聞主題為：

作答完畢考生請將試題與答案卷一併交回